Mammography & DXA Order / Instruction Form

Patient Name:		DOB:	
Date Appointment is Scheduled For:		Time:	
Special Requests / Special Assistance:			
RCI Imaging Center 1948 1 st Ave NE Cedar Rapids, IA Phone: 319-364-0121 Fax: 319-364-5684	St. Luke's Breast & Bone PCI Medical Pavilion 202 10th St SE, Suite 265 Cedar Rapids, IA Scheduling: 319-369-812 Phone: 319-369-7216 Fax: 319-369-7808	701 10th St. SE Cedar Rapids, IA Scheduling: 319-861-7778	
OB/GYN Associates, P.C. 855 A Ave. NE Cedar Rapids, IA Phone: 319-368-5500 Fax: 319-368-5503	St. Luke's Breast & Bone Marion Campus 2996 7th Ave., Suite A Marion, IA 52302 Scheduling: 319-369-812 Phone: 319-286-4344 Fax: 319-286-4345	Mercy Medical Center 701 10th St. SE Cedar Rapids, IA	
All Facilities are accredited by the Iowa Department of Public Health and certified by the FDA			
Mammogram			
Screening Bilateral V76.12 /Z12.31(no	symptoms)		
Screening Unilateral Right	Left	Right Left	
☐ A personal history of breast cancer* ☐ A personal history of biopsy proven benign breast disease*			
☐ Diagnostic Bilateral			
□ Diagnostic Unilateral Right	Left)) ;	
Symptomatic, has certain risk factors, or needs additional mammographic views and/or breast ultrasound as recommended by a radiologist.		Clinical Breast Exam:NormalAbnormal (please mark diagram)Implants	
Please indicate reason(s) for diagnostic exam: ☐ Palpable abnormality (please mark diagram) 611.72/N63 ☐ A personal history of breast cancer* V10.3/Z85.3 ☐ Pain 611.71/N64.4		Comments:	
☐ Discharge 611.79/N64.52 ☐ A personal history of biopsy-proven benign breast disease*Z86.018 ☐ Other N64.9 (please explain i.e. 6 mo f/u)		*If the results indicate further tests are necessary, please check all boxes below that apply: □ Please perform additional mammographic views as needed based	
*A personal history of breast cancer or biopsy-proven benign disease are appropriate indications for either a screening or diagnostic mammogram. The referring clinician and patient should choose which test is appropriate.		on mammographic findings/signs or symptoms. □ Please perform additional breast ultrasound as needed based on mammographic/physical findings.	
		 Please schedule and perform minimally invasive breast biopsy if indicated by mammographic and/or ultrasound findings. 	
Bone Densitometry			
DXA Scan			
Symptoms/Diagnosis:			
Osteoporosis Medications: Signature of Clinician			
Patient weight: Date:			

MAMMOGRAPHY PROCEDURE

A mammogram is an x-ray image of the breast. Modern techniques of mammography provide the sharpest images available of the inner structure of the breast. A physician specialist, a radiologist, studies these images to determine whether the breast structure appears normal or if it signals the presence of disease.

Obtaining the image is a simple procedure. A specially trained radiographer makes the image. She asks the patient to undress from the waist up and then positions the x-ray machine for the exposures. Two views of each breast are customary - one from the side and one from the top. For each view the breast will be squeezed briefly to flatten it out for a better image. The compression is necessary to produce a good image, and while it causes some degree of discomfort, it is not harmful. Occasionally it is necessary to obtain additional views. These additional images may be accomplished on the same day or may require the patient to come back another day.

Evaluating the mammogram is the job of the radiologist; he reports the findings to your referring clinician. A letter with your results will be sent to you also. If additional imaging is necessary, someone will call you from the facility that performed your mammogram to make those arrangements.

Mammography along with breast self-exam and clinical breast exam will result in the earliest possible detection of breast disease.

Preparation for the Mammography Examination

To prepare for the mammography examination you are instructed to:

- 1. Wash the skin area of both breasts.
- 2. Do **not** use any deodorants, antiperspirants, perfume, lotion, powder or preparation of any kind in your underarm area, on or under your breasts.
- 3. Wear a two-piece garment so that you can easily undress to the waist for the procedure.
- 4. Try to avoid scheduling the mammogram the week prior to and during the first four days of menstruation as the breasts may be tender causing some discomfort during compression. (Schedule day 5-21 of the menstrual cycle)

American Cancer Society Recommendations for Mammography

- Baseline mammogram by age 40.
- Annually after age 40.

BONE DENSITOMETRY PROCEDURE (DXA SCAN)

DXA stands for Dual Energy X-ray Absorptiometry, and it is considered to be the "gold standard" technique of measuring bone mineral density (BMD). It is an accurate means of diagnosis and of following your bone density measurements.

How is BMD measured?

The bone densitometer uses small amounts of x-ray to produce images of the spine, hips and if necessary, the forearm. A computer detects how much bone mineral is present. The spine and hips are measured because most osteoporotic fractures and bone loss occur in these areas. The test is a simple and painless method for evaluating bone mass and osteoporosis.

Preparing for the DXA Scan

- 1. Dress comfortably, preferably without metal buttons, buckles or zippers.
- 2. Do not take calcium, mineral tablets, or vitamins for 24 hours before the DXA exam.
- 3. No IV contrast, barium studies, or nuclear medicine studies for one week prior to the DXA exam.

National Osteoporosis Foundation Recommendations for Bone Mineral Testing

- Women aged 65 and older regardless of risk factors.
- Younger postmenopausal women with one or more risk factors (other than being white, postmenopausal, and female).
- Postmenopausal women who present with fractures (to confirm diagnosis and determine disease severity).